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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/780,928	02/17/2004	William B. Hutton	HUTT 2568	1901	
7812 7	08/08/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
SMITH-HILL AND BEDELL, P.C. 16100 NW CORNELL ROAD, SUITE 220			SUERETH, SARAH ELIZABETH		
BEAVERTON, OR 97006			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3749	-	
			DATE MAILED: 08/08/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/780,928	HUTTON ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Sarah Suereth	3749			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)[X]	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>31 July 2006</u> .					
	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		·			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2)	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-3, 5-11, 14, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giebel et al (5719377) in view of Traeger et al (4823684).

Giebel discloses: A barbeque grill (col. 2, line 13) comprising: a main housing having an interior space, a cooking grate (10), a primary heat source (12) below the cooking grate for transmitting heat to food items located on the cooking grate (col. 5, lines 2,3), a secondary housing structure within the interior space (18), a secondary heat source (16) below the secondary housing for transmitting heat to the secondary housing (col. 5, lines 2,3).

Regarding claim 4, the primary heat source is an electrical resistance heater (Figure 9), with means for controlling (52) the primary heat source (12), and means for controlling (54) a secondary electrical heat source (16).

Regarding claims 8 and 20, there is a searing bar (64) for receiving drippings (col. 5, lines 20,21).

Giebel, as discussed above, discloses the invention as claimed with the exception of a separate holding container for supplying wood chips to the smoking box

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(18), and an auger mechanism to drive the wood chips. Glebel also does not show a hood portion above the grill portion.

Traeger et al discloses a wood chip container (68) mounted to the exterior of the grill (Figure 2), with augur means (54) for transferring wood pellets from the container to the secondary housing (34).

Regarding claims 2 and 3, Traeger shows a hood (26) connected by hinges (28), and movable between closed and open positions (col. 2, lines 43-48).

Regarding claim 7, Traeger discloses an inlet opening (arrow next to numeral 66) for receiving wood pellets from the container (68), an outlet opening for discharging wood pellets from the secondary housing (32), an interior channel (52) acting as a path between the inlet opening and the outlet opening, and a vent above the interior channel in the top (at numeral 48), said vent for allowing the smoke from the wood pellets to escape from the secondary housing (illustrated by the arrows in Figure 2).

The limitations "in the side wall" are given little patentable weight, as the Traeger apparatus performs in the same manner as applicant's invention. Applicant has failed to show criticality for the positioning of the inlet and outlet. The courts have held that claims altering the position of elements, while not modifying the operation of the device, do not distinguish over the prior art (In re Japikse, 181 F.2d 1019, 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950) MPEP 2144.04).

Regarding claim 9, the front wall (92) acts as a baffle, dividing the interior space into two sections and preventing the transmission of smoke between said two sections (col. 1, lines 62-64).

Regarding claim 14, Traeger shows an electric motor (58) to rotate the auger (col. 3, lines 12-14).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Giebel apparatus with the Traeger et al wood chip container and auger mechanism in order to provide wood smoke without the need to constantly refill the wood chip container (Traeger et al, col. 2, lines 7-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Giebel apparatus by adding the Traeger et al hood in order to provide the option of cooking through direct heating, or by oven like heating (Traeger et al, col. 4, lines 18-21).

2. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giebel in view of Traeger et al, and further in view of Middlestetter (2493989).

The Giebel /Traeger combination discussed above does not include driving means consisting of a spring drive motor with a handle and a latch.

Middlestetter discloses a spring drive motor (col. 1, line 1), with a handle (162) for winding (col. 3, lines 67-71), and a latch mechanism (col. 3, line 51). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Giebel /Traeger apparatus by replacing the Traeger auger with the Middelstetter spring drive motor in order to provide an inexpensive drive mechanism (col. 1, lines 36,37).

3. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giebel et al (5719377) in view of Traeger et al, further in view of Schlosser et al (6102028).

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Giebel in view of Traeger, as discussed above, discloses the invention as claimed with the exception of the primary and secondary heat sources being gas burners instead of electrical heating components.

Schlosser discloses a grill smoker assembly, and teaches that either a gas or electric grill could be used with the invention (col. 3, lines 48-53).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Giebel apparatus by replacing the electrical resistance heaters of Giebel with gas burners, as taught by Schlosser, in order to substitute a known equivalent (col. 3, lines 48-53).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sarah Suereth whose telephone number is (571) 272-9061. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday 7:00AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ehud Gartenberg can be reached on (571) 272-4828. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sarah Suereth

Examiner Art Unit 3749

> EHUD GARTENBERG SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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